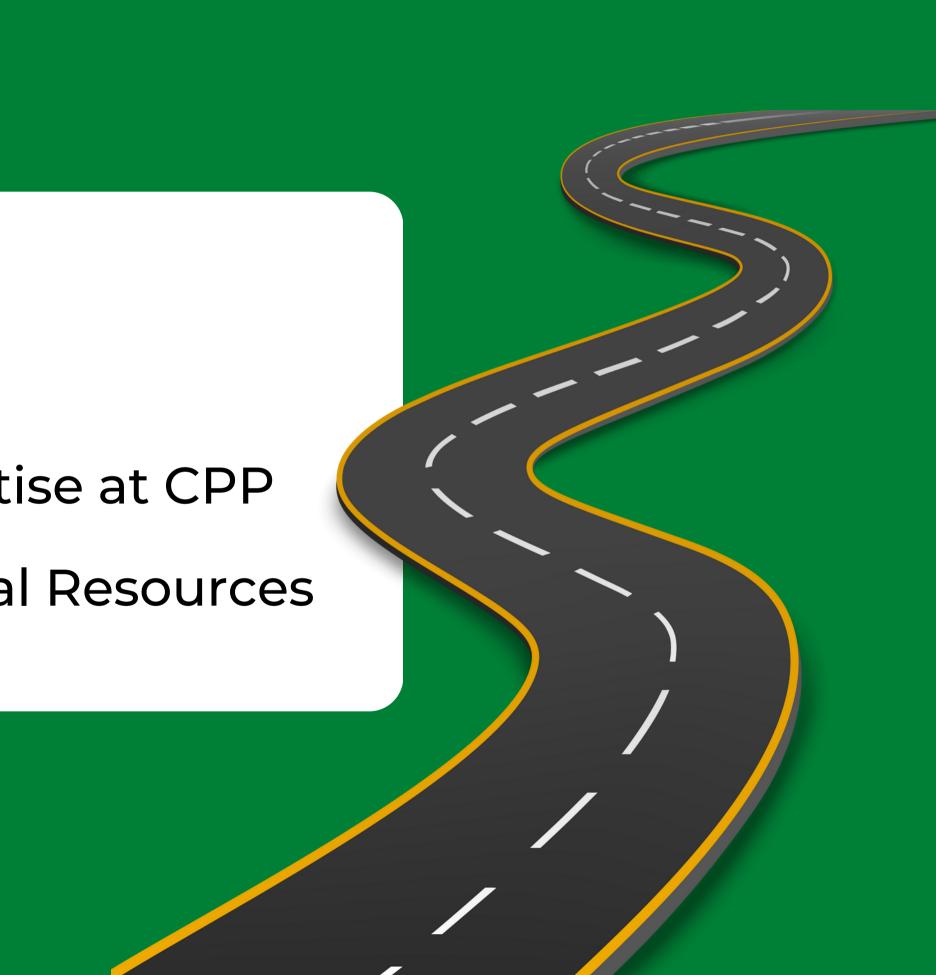


WHEN PEER-REVIEW WON'T DO: **EXPLORING EXPERTISE**

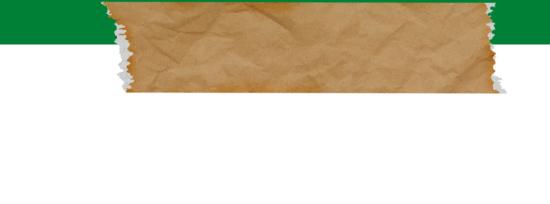
Presenter: Justin Torres

OUR ROADMAP Learning Objectives **Issues with Peer-Review Student Perception of Expertise at CPP** Incorporating Non-Traditional Resources



LEARNING OBJECTIVES

- Participants will assess the importance of challenging traditional academic sources
- Participants will be able to design instructional strategies that enhance a student's ability to find sources that exist outside traditional academia



WHY IS THIS TOPIC IMPORTANT?



TRADITIONAL EXPERTISE



Formal education



Peer-review

• "gold standard', it is considered a requirement for affirming validity and quality, as well as for codifying disciplinary boundaries" (Potvin, 2017)



Monographs, presentations, dissertations, etc.

ISSUES WITH PEER-REVIEW

- Colleges were made for "privileged individuals" and promote the norms of white individuals" (Payne, T., Muenks, K., & Aguayo, E., 2021)
- No standards to enforce "good" or "fair" reviewing (Fisher & Parisis, 2015)
- Gender bias



ISSUES WITH PEER-REVIEW

- From a survey of 202 Librarians, 79.1% agree it is valuable and 98% mention it in their instruction (Wood, Mariko, & Keer, 2021)
- After graduation, many students lose access to peer-review journals and scholarly sources
 - It's necessary to:
 - Teach students skills to evaluate non-scholarly sources
 - Promote <u>life long</u> information literacy skills

HOW DO STUDENTS AT CPP PERCIEVE EXPERTISE?



HOW DID I FIND OUT WHAT THEY THINK?

- During the 2022-2023 academic year, a pre-assessment survey was conducted across various instruction sessions to assess student perceptions of expertise
 - Instruction sessions were provided to courses ranging from 1000 to 4000 level
 - Collected a total of 131 student surveys containing four questions



STUDENTS SURVEYED

Fourth Year + Students

13%

Third Year Students

14.5%



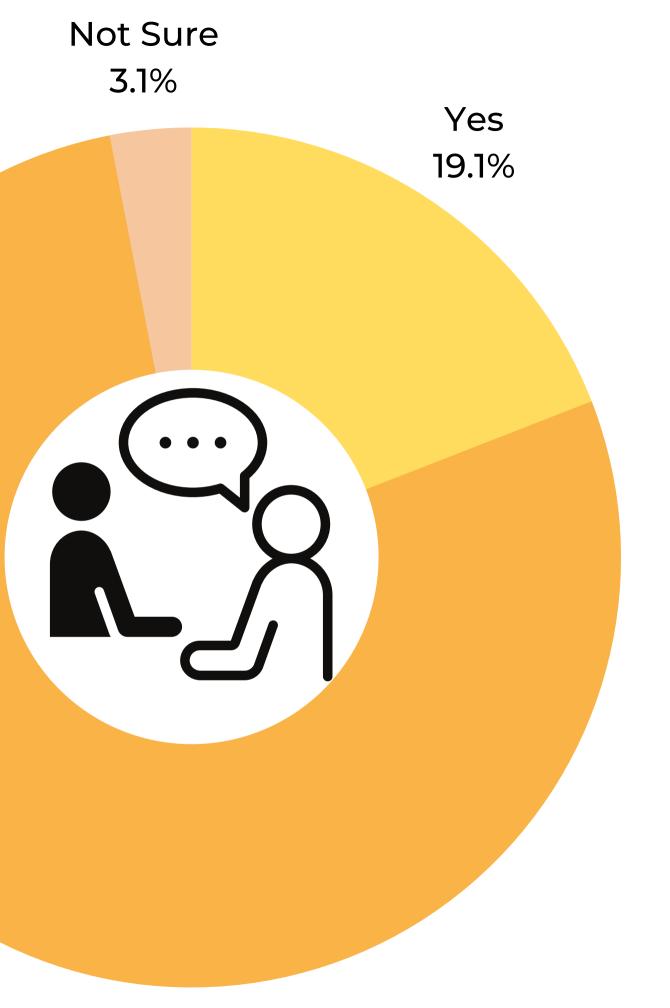
Second Year Students

25.2%

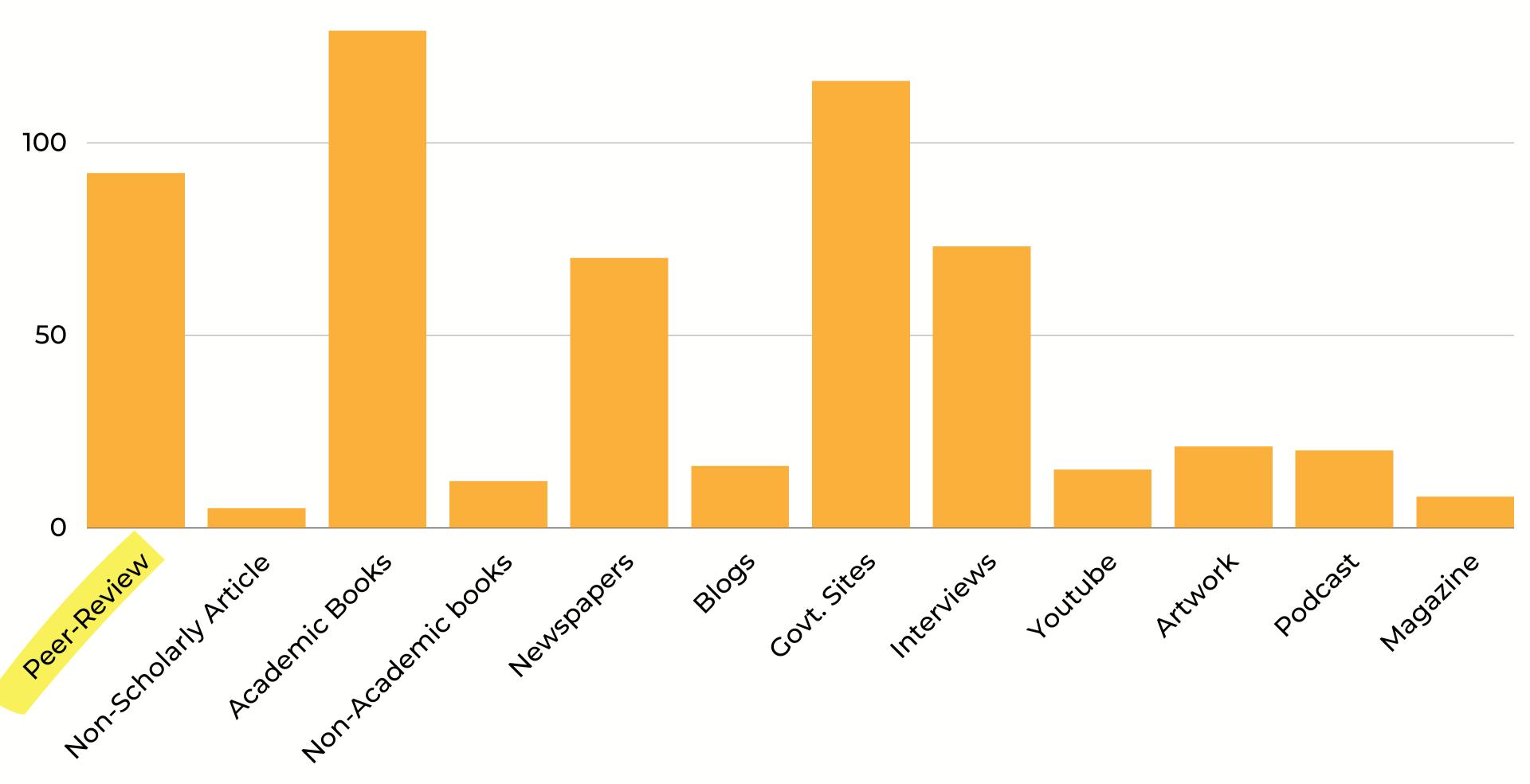
First Year Students 47.3%

ATTENDED A LIBRARY WORKSHOP, INSTRUCTION **SESSION, OR MET WITH A LIBRARIAN?**

> No 77.9%



SOURCES CONSIDERED CREDIBLE



150

DECIDING IF A SOURCE IS CREDIBLE

FIRST YEAR STUDENTS

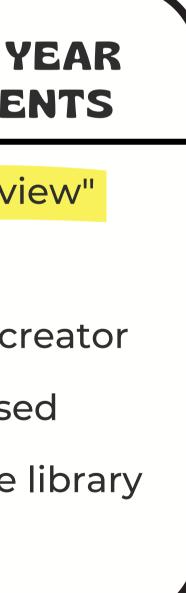
- Domain
- Author/creator
- "Peer-review"
- Content
- Relevancy test

SECOND YEAR STUDENTS

- Content
- Author/ creator
- "Peer-review"
- Domain
- From the library
- Alternate resources

THIRD YEAR STUDENTS

- "Peer-review"
- Content
- Author/ creator
- Non-biased
- From the library



FOURTH + YEAR STUDENTS

- Author/creator
- "Peer-review"
- Domain
- Assigned
- Community

resources





- Students predominately rely on peer-review
- There's a need to transform students' relationship with information
 - Must be a collective effort across
 - disciplines, not just in the library

 Even when 77.9% of students surveyed had no experience interacting with the library

SHIFTING AWAY FROM PEER-REVIEW

- Not a call to end the use of peer-review
- While heavily relied on for the Sciences, Business, etc., it's still important to incorporate other sources!
 - Example: PHD candidate from Yale robotics program
 - Women of color in tech
 - Can attest to both the struggles and existing within a white male dominated space

WHAT CAN NON-TRADITIONAL EXPERTISE LOOK LIKE?

• Community Voices



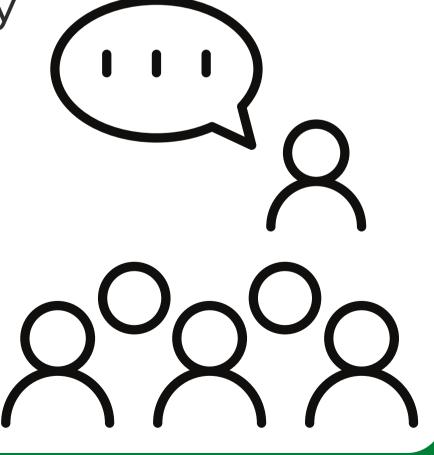
- Generally exist in the open web
 - Independent publishing
 - YouTube
 - Podcasts
 - Associations/Movements Landback, Cite Black Women, BLM, etc.
- These experts in the field are not generally associated with scholarship but rather preservation of their culture, educating community, or simply living life and their customs

Blogs Social Media Speeches or oral histories



- Lack of research on marginalized communities within peer-review
- Non-traditional resources fosters a more inclusive research environment
- Gives voices to marginalized communities
 - Hearing directly from the source rather than a secondary voice
 - Oftentimes information is misinterpreted, skewed, or incorrectly portrayed

- Whether at the reference desk or providing instruction, acknowledge:
 - Biases exist within research and in academia broadly
 - Voices are excluded within databases and journals



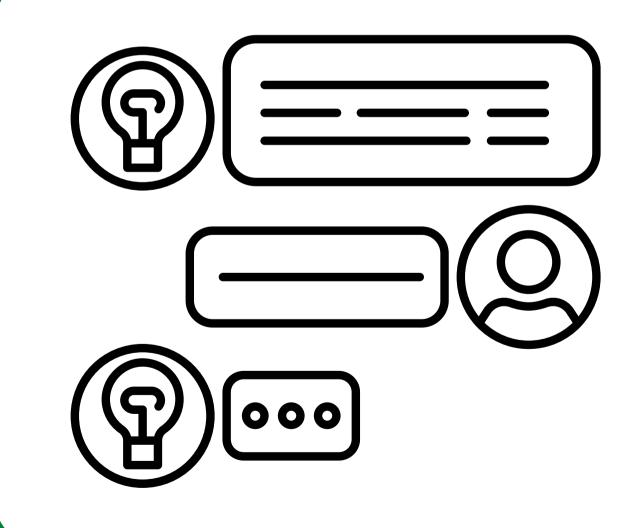
- After introducing library services such as databases, journals, etc. in instruction sessions
- When discussing alternative resources
 - Mention to double check with professor to ensure alternative resources are ok to use!
 - Does not hurt to talk with faculty prior to instruction

- Demo an open web search for a topic after conducting a library search
 - "Street vendors"
 - Can go over articles/books found on the library website and highlight .gov sites, magazines, blogs, YouTube, etc. in the open web
- Provide a check list to assist students in determining if a source is credible



CHECKLIST • Author/Creator - Who are they? Previous works?

- Community member?
- About Us What are they trying to accomplish?
- Contact Us Are they open to questions?
- Domain .gov, .com, .edu
 - Overall look



- Offer a workshop
- - but start the conversation!

Be mindful of information overload

PREVIOUS WORKSHOP @ CPP

- Exploring Expertise and Knowledge in Indigenous Cultural Practices
 - Discussed inequalities of peer-review
 - Alternative sources outside the realm of traditional academia
 - Credible sources within the Native American Community
 - The importance of what is and isn't appropriate to research
 - Appropriate language when referring to Native Americans
 - Leaders and knowledge sources within the Native American Community
- In collaboration with Ethnic and Women's Studies Faculty and Staff and the Native American Student Center



REFLECTION & BRAINSTORM ACTIVITY

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