



## **INSTRUCTION PROGRAM**

# FIRST YEAR SEMINAR

Evaluate sources for quality by learning how to differentiate between popular and scholarly sources.

Use the library catalog and electronic databases to retrieve books or articles, whether in print or online.



Online Tutorial

#### RHETORICAL ARTS

Conceptualize an effective research strategy and then collect, interpret, evaluate, and cite evidence in written and oral communication.

Distinguish between types of information resources and how these resources meet the needs of different types of scholarship and disciplines.







Hybrid Instruction

## RHETORICAL ARTS CHALLENGE

1273
First Year Students

**72** One-Shots

**6** Librarians

# ANNOTATED BIBLIOGRAPHY



Students need to find appropriate sources



Students need to critically evaluate sources

# **HYBRID INSTRUCTION**

HOMEWORK

Research Strategies Tutorial

IN-CLASS



Discussion



Active Learning



## WHAT MAKES IT ACTIVE?

### **ACTIVE LEARNING**

CHRENIE Doing Observing

how one is learning and Alone & with others

RECEIVING INFORMATION AND IDEAS

## **PASSIVE LEARNING**

Diagram reproduced from Fink, L. Dee. Creating Significant Learning Experiences. 2003.

# EVALUATING SOURCES WORKSHEET

- Students were given an excerpt of a journal article to evaluate
- Using the worksheet the student answered questions about the source they were given
- Discussion with the librarian after completing the worksheet

1	Example	Source 1
Type of Source (scholarly, popular, or trade?)	Opinion Piece in a book. Publisher is leader in high school publishing market.	
Primary, Secondary or Tertiary?	Secondary	
Authority of Author	ExonMobil	
Rationale/Motive for Writing/Bias	Bias towards the gas industry (author has a vested interest)	
Position on Main Idea A Cite evidence that supports or disputes this statement:  "Fracking increases water pollution."	safe since 1940's      natural gas=     environmentally     responsible  Natural gas = cleaner-burning     energy source	
Position on Main Idea B Cite evidence that supports or disputes this statement:  "Fracking is regulated by the government."	Exxon supports public disclosure of fracking chemicals	
Complete Citation (MLA)	ExxonMobil. "Hydraulic Fracturing Can Be Done Responsibly." <i>Fracking</i> . Ed. Tamara Thompson. Detroit: Greenhaven, 2013. 19-21. Print.	

## **GAMIFICATION**

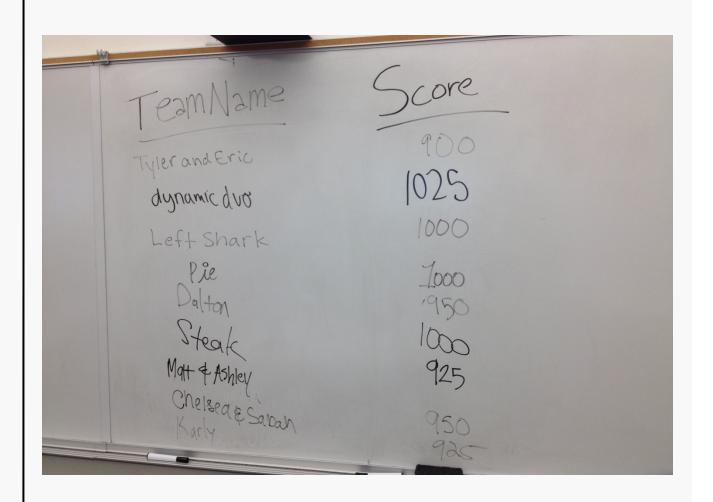
#### Gamification is:

"is using game-based mechanics, aesthetics and game thinking to engage people, motivate action, promote learning, and solve problems"

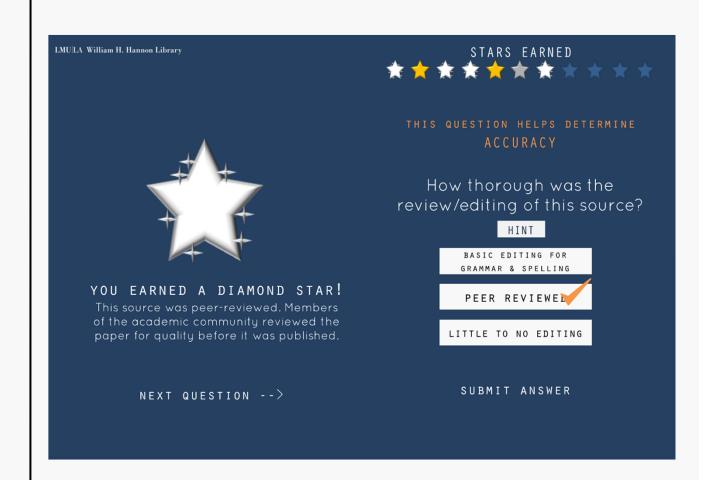
#### Gamification is not:

"the superficial addition of points, rewards, and badges to learning experiences."

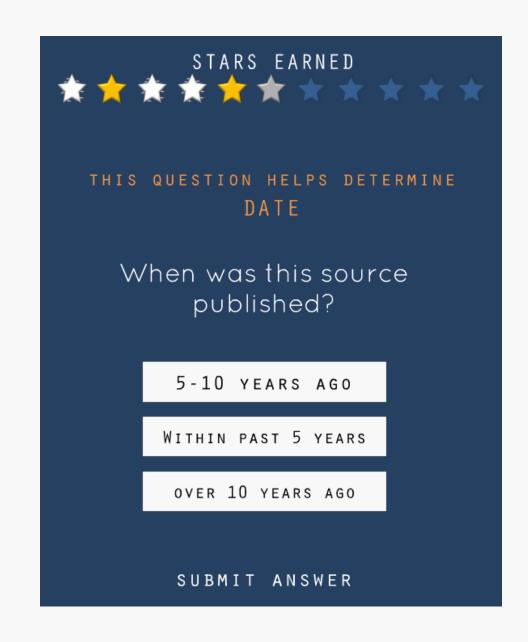
- Incorporating Friendly Competition (points)
- Motivational Feedback (stars)
- Measure Progress (showing star count)
- Reward effort (getting the answer right on the first try earns more points)



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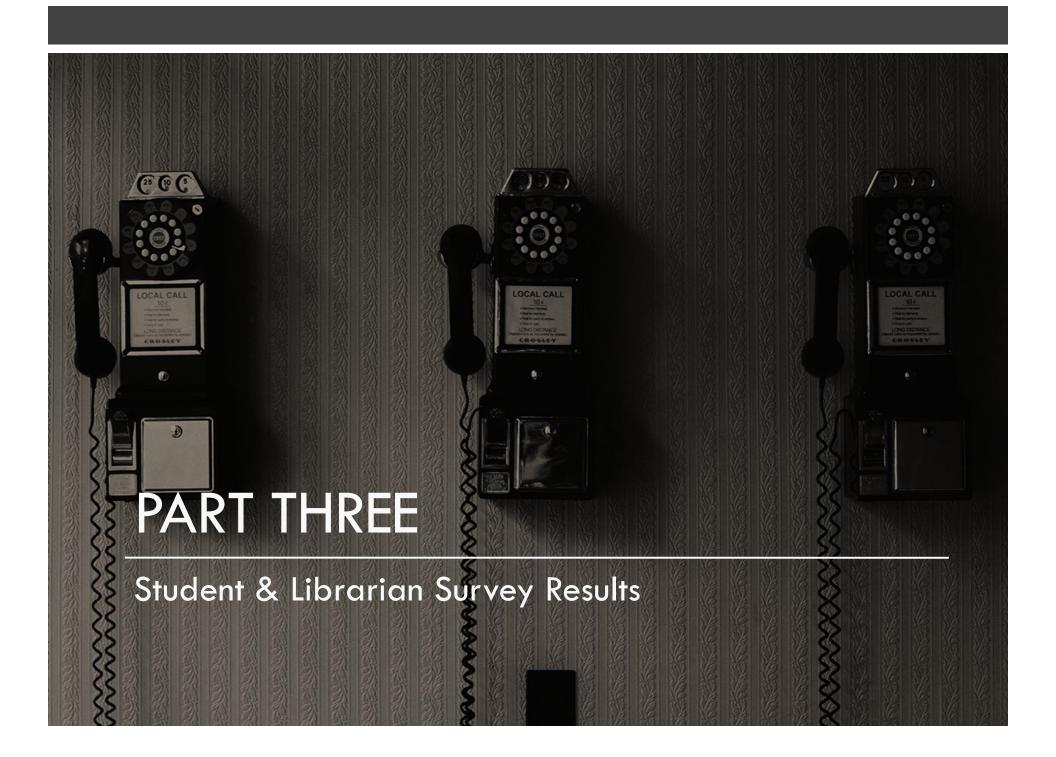
Earn a Diamond Star if you answer the question correctly on the first try. Diamond Stars are each worth 100 points.



Earn a Gold Star if you answer the question correctly on the second try. Gold Stars are each worth 50 points.

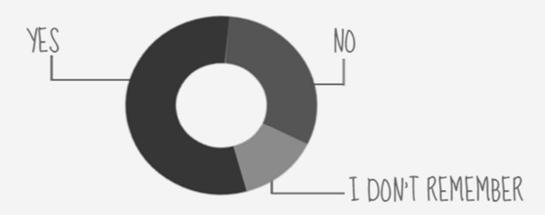


Earn a Silver Star if you answer the question correctly on the third try. Silver Stars are each worth 25 points.

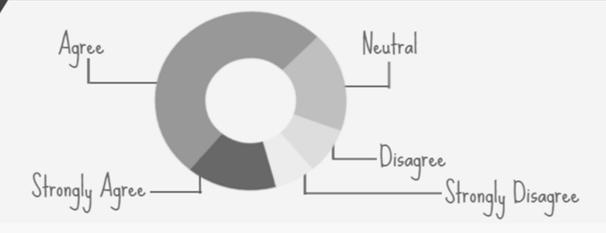


# STUDENT SURVEY RESULTS

### Did you play the RADAR Game during your library visit?



#### The RADAR Game helped me evaluate sources.



### STUDENT SURVEY RESULTS

## What did you like about the RADAR Game?



**32** 

Total Responses



#### WHAT THE STUDENTS SAID

"It made learning how to evaluate sources fun!"

"It gave you practical experience to test your knowledge about evaluating sources. It was hands on and showed you how much you really know and understand what you are doing."

"It was fun and actually extremely informative"

"It made it fun to play with a partner and I'm competitive; the stars helped me to actually try."

"I liked winning and getting the different stars."

"It was a fun and interactive way to understand/determine and become familiar with the various types of sources."

### LIBRARIAN SURVEY RESULTS

### **RATING THE RADAR GAME**



The RADAR Game increased student engagement.



The RADAR Game increased student participation during the class discussion.



The RADAR Game increased the quality of class discussions.

of librarians surveyed "Strongly Agreed"

The RADAR Game increased student motivation.

### LIBRARIAN SURVEY RESULTS

What was the most useful thing that resulted from incorporating the RADAR Game into your library instruction session(s)?

"Participation was definitely better and more enthusiastic. Also, the 'cool' aspect. Students were impressed that the library was able to create this game just for them."

"The discussion that occurred after the exercise was greatly improved. Student were really clear on what they didn't get right in the game and they asked more direct questions about what confused them."

"Students do their own work and don't sit there and do nothing at all, which happens with handout exercises."

"It made the class go faster and captured the attention of the students. By doing the game first, they seemed more attentive in the second half of class, which involved the database demo."

## ADDITIONAL MATERIALS

#### ONLINE LEARNING OBJECTS

- RADAR GAME
- RESEARCH STRATEGIES

#### FLIPPED CLASSROOMS

- ASSESSING GAMES-BASED LEARNING
  - **IN INSTRUCTION**
- THE FLIPPED CLASSROOM FOR LIBRARY
  INSTRUCTION
- KEEPING UP WITH FLIPPED
- **CLASSROOMS: AMERICAN LIBRARY**
- **ASSOCIATION**
- KEEPING UP WITH... GAMIFICATION: AMERICAN LIBRARY ASSOCIATION

#### **ONLINE RESOURCES**

- PRIMO
- <u>MERLOT</u>
- **ACTIVE LEARNING LIBGUIDE**
- TUTORIAL DESIGN
  - **RECOMMENDATIONS**
- ARTICULATE TECH SPECIFICATIONS

#### REFERENCES

Association of College and Research Libraries. (2011, October). Guidelines for Instruction Programs in Academic Libraries. Retrieved March 23, 2015, fromhttp://www.ala.org/acrl/standards/guidelinesinstruction

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Mandalios, J. (2013). RADAR: An approach for helping students evaluate Internet sources. Journal of Information Science, 39(4), 470–478. http://doi.org/10.1177/0165551513478889